



OPERATOR'S MANUAL

IC 7685

ION CONCENTRATION CONTROLLER MICROPROCESSOR BASED

Rev. B Valid for Option 091.3711

 Scales:
 10.00/100.0/1000 PPM

 Temperature scale:
 -10/+110 °C

 Power supply:
 110/220 Vac

Software: R2.1x

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1 FEATURES

- * Input from Ion Selective Electrodes
 * Selectable measuring unit (g/l mbar mg/l mmHg PPM)
 * Measuring range from 0,01 to 1000 PPM
 * Selectable scales 10,00 100,0 1000 PPM

- * Autoranging* 5 points calibration
- * Temperature input from Pt100
- * Temperature readout
- * Automatic and manual Temperature compensation
- * Alphanumeric back-lighted LCD * Software filter on the readout
- * Automatic and manual operation
- * 0/20 mA or 4/20 mA programmable isolated output
- * Dual set-points with hysteresis, delay and min/max programmable functions
- * Min/max and set-points timing alarm relay
- * Software:
 - 3 access levels
 - user friendly
 - keyboard lock
 - access code
 - watch-dog
- * EEPROM parameter storage
- * Automatic overload protection and reset * Extractable terminal blocks
- * 96X96 (1/4" DIN) housing

2 SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

<u>Input</u>

The instrument accepts input from an Ion Selective Electrode. A second input is provided for 2 or 3 wires Pt100 RTD Temperature.

Software filter

The unit is provided with a programmable software filter, to be inserted when the readout is not stable.

The user may select different filter values for small and large signal fluctuations.

Calibration

First calibration carried out by standard solutions (from 2 to 5 concentration values) is necessary.

One point calibration may be performed in order to correct the Reference electrode drift during the regular operation.

Temperature compensation

The unit is supplied with manual or automatic Temperature compensation. The instrument detects of the absence or malfunctioning of the Temperature sensor and automatically switches to manual compensation.

Analog output

Either a 0/20 mA or 4/20 mA programmable and isolated output may be selected, for use as an interface with computers or data loggers. The input range corresponding to the output is programmable.

Control relays

The monitor is equipped with two SPDT control relays.

Each control relay may be programmed for set-point, high/low, hysteresis or delay time actuation.

The full display indicates the current settings and current status of each relay.

Alarm relay

The unit contains a third SPDT relay designated as an alarm relay.

This relay may be used to warn of conditions that may indicate operational problems. The relay will activate on either high/low value conditions, or on failure of the control relays to maintain proper control.

In addition this relay may be programmed for either normal or fail-safe operation.

Operating mode

The instrument is provided with 2 programmable modes of operation.

- Automatic operation:

The Automatic mode is the normal operation mode of the unit.

- Manual operation:

This mode of operation would normally be used for control system troubleshooting. The unit will allow the relays to be manually actuated by pushing up/down keys.

The letter "M" flashing on the display, indicates the instrument is in manual operation mode.

Configuration

A number of programming functions are provided in the Configuration menu and are protected by a selectable access number, which must be entered to allow changes in this setting. The keys on the front panel of the monitor can be used for both changing the display and for calibrations and set-point adjustments.

When the monitor is shipped, all functions are accessible.

However, the adjustment and calibration functions may be locked in order to prevent unauthorized adjustments to the instrument.

Options

091.3711	Dual isolated and programmable output. Two outputs may be configured for Concentration or Temperature.
091.701	<u>RS232 isolated output</u> . The output sends the data (Concentration, mV, °C) to the serial port of the computer.
091.404	24 Vac power supply.

2.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The *Default* values are correspondent to the factory calibration values. Parameters marked by " * " can be modified in the Configuration procedures.

OPERATING MODE	Default
Automatic/Manual	Auto
CONCENTRATION	Default
Input: ISE electrodes * Ion type: -2/-1/+1/+2 * Measuring unit: g/l mbar mg/l mmHg PPM Measuring range: 5 decades from 0.01 to 1000 PPM * Scales: 10.00 - 100.0 - 1000 PPM autoranging Calibration: min. 2 points / max. 5 points 1 point calibration: ± 100.0 mV Range: ± 1100.0 mV	X+ PPM 100.0PPM 0.0 mV
Software filter 90% Response Time: * Large signal changing (>10.0mV): 0.4"/20.0" * Small signal changing (<10.0mV): 0.4"/20.0"	2.0" 10.0"
TEMPERATURE	Default
Input: RTD Pt100 Connection: 2/3 wires Measuring and compensation range: -10.0/110.0 °C Resolution: +/1 °C Zero adjustment: +/- 2°C Manual Temperature compensation: -10/110°C	0°C 20°C
THERMOCOMPENSATION	Default
Thermocompensation: On/Off Isothermal point: -999.9mV/+999.9mV Thermocompensation coefficient: 0.0/1.000%/°C Compensation range: -10/110°C Reference Temperature: 20 °C	Off 0.0 mV 0.198%/°C
SET POINT A/B	Default
Action: ON-OFF Set point value: 0/1000 Hysteresis: 0/100 Relay delay: 0.0/99.9 sec * Function: HI/LO (Max/Min) Relay contacts: SPDT 220 V 5 Amps Resistive load	0.0PPM 0.0PPM 0.0 sec LO

	$D_{-}C_{-}L_{-}$
ALARM (C-D)	Default
Low value: 0/1000	0.0PPM
High value: $0/1000$	100.0PPM
Delay: 0.0/99.9 sec * Contact type: ACT/DEA	0.0 sec
	ACT
	OFF
Max. time SA. 0/00 minutes	60 m
* Alarm on max. SB: ON/OFF	OFF
* Max. time SB: 0/60 minutes	60 m
Relay contacts: SPDT 220 V 5 Amps Resistive load	
ANALOG OUTPUT Nr. 1	Default
* Scale: PPM/°C (option 091.3711)	PPM
* Range: 0-20/4-20 mA	0-20 mA
Scale PPM:	
* Point 1 (out mA min.): 0/1000	0.0PPM
* Point 2 (out mA max.): 0/1000	100.0PPM
Scale °C: (option 091.3711)	
* Point 1 (out mA min.): -10.0/110.0°C	-10.0°C
* Point 2 (out mA max.): -10.0/110.0°C	110.0°C
Response time: 2.5 sec. for 98%	
Isolation: 250 Vca	
R max: 600 Ohm	
ANALOG OUTPUT Nr. 2 (option 091.3711)	Default
* Sector DDM/9C	
* Scale: PPM/°C * Range: 0-20/4-20 mA	PPM
Range. 0 20/4 20 mm	0-20 mA
Scale PPM:	
* Point 1 (out mA min.): 0/1000	0.0PPM
* Point 2 (out mA max.): 0/1000	100.0PPM
Scale °C:	10.000
* Point 1 (out mA min.): -10.0/110.0°C	-10.0°C
* Point 2 (out mA max.): -10.0/110.0°C	110.0°C
Response time: 2.5 sec. for 98%	
Isolation: 250 Vca	
R max: 600 Ohm	
SERIAL COMMUNICATION (option 091.701)	Default
Baud Rate: 4800 bit/s	
Bit length: 8 bit	
Nr. of Stop bit: 1	
Parity: None	
Isolated from measure circuits	
Data frequency: 0.4 sec.	
Example of data transmission:	
'±1000.0 mV 100.0 PPM ±100.0 °C '	

CONFIGURATION (*)	Default
Free calibration (Access code not required):	
Keyboard locked/unlocked	unlocked
LCD contrast (0/7)	4
LCD contrast $(0/7)$	4
Access code number required for:	
Ion type: $(X - /X - /X + /X + +)$	X+
Measuring unit (g/l mbar mg/l mmHg PPM)	PPM
Set point output scale: (10.00/100.0/1000)	100.0PPM
Large signal RT filter SW: (0.4/20.0)	2.0 sec
Small signal RT filter SW: (0.4/20.0)	10.0 sec
Output Nr.1 scale: (PPM/°C) (option 091.3711)	PPM
Output Nr.1 range: $(0/20 4/20)$	0/20 mA
Point 1 (for 0 or 4 mA): (0/1000)	0.0PPM
Point 2 (for 20 mA): (0/1000)	100.0PPM
Output Nr.2 scale: (PPM/°C) (option 091.3711)	PPM
Output Nr.2 range: $(0/20 4/20)$	0/20 mA
Point 1 (for 0 or 4 mA): (0/1000)	0.0PPM
Point 2 (for 20 mA): (0/1000)	100.0PPM
Relay A function: (LO/HI)	LO
Relay B function: (LO/HI)	
Alarm on max. operating time of SA: (ON/OFF)	OFF
Max. operating time of SA: (0/60)	60 m
Alarm on max. operating time of SB: (ON/OFF)	OFF
Max. operating time of SB: (0/60)	60 m
Alarm relay status: (ACT/DEA)	ACT
Access number: 0/999	

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Alphanumeric display: 1 line x 16 characters Acquisition time: 0/50°C Humidity: 95% without condensation Power supply: 110/220 Volt ac +/- 10 % 50/60 Hz Isolation: 4000 V between primary and secondary (IEC 348) Power: 5 VA max. Terminal block: extractable Weight: 850 gr. Dimensions: 96 x 96 x 155 mm. (DIN 43700)

2.3 PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

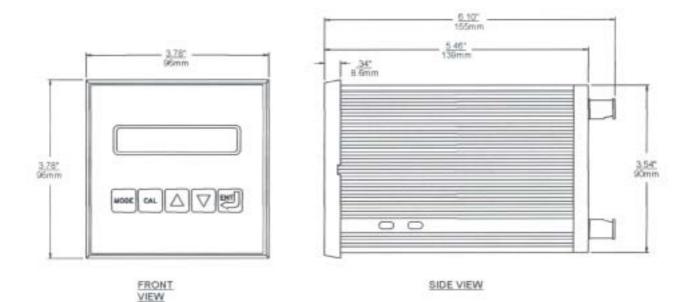
The controller enclosure is designed for surface or panel mounting.

It consists of an anodized aluminium case built according to the standard DIN 43700, with an aluminium panel coated with scratch-proof and non-corrosive polycarbonate membrane.

A transparent waterproof front door SZ 7601 can be added to the housing, in order to protect the unit from excessive moisture or corrosive fumes.

Signal and power cable connections are made by using two special extractable terminal blocks placed in the back of the instrument.

This makes wiring, installation and general maintenance of the probes and other devices easier. The package is supplied complete with fixing clamps for panel-mounting.



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3 SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

3.1 KEYBOARD

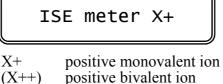
KEY

FUNCTION

MODE DISP	 it allows the operator to go to the next Display it allows to go back to the main Display. The eventual new parameter values will not be memorized
CAL	- it allows the access of calibration sequences
	 it allows to increase the displayed parameters it allows to choose between different functions
	 it allows to decrease the displayed parameters it allows to choose between different functions
	- it allows to enter the selected data and to return to the main Display D0

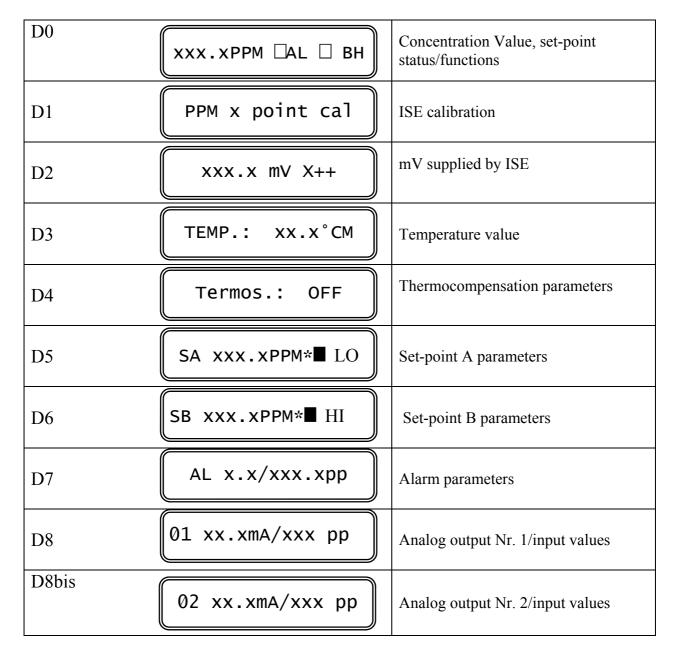
3.2 READOUT SEQUENCES

Applying the power to the instrument the display will show the Ion selected for approximately 3 seconds, then will show the main display (D0).



- (X++) positive bivalent ion(X-) negative monovalent ion
- (X-) negative monovalent ic (X--) negative bivalent ion
- MODE DISP

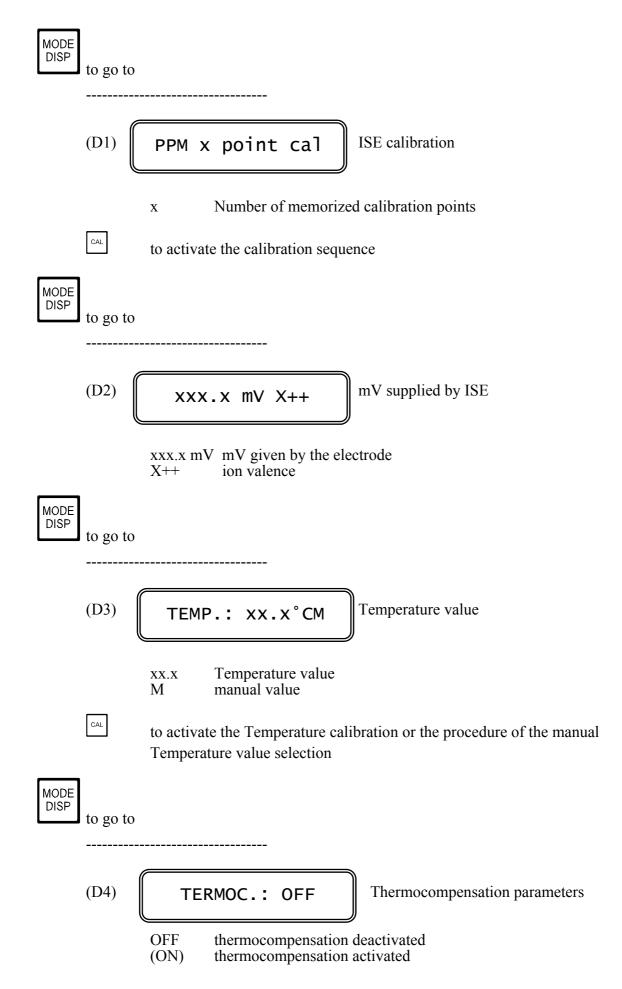
Press to visualize the following Display:

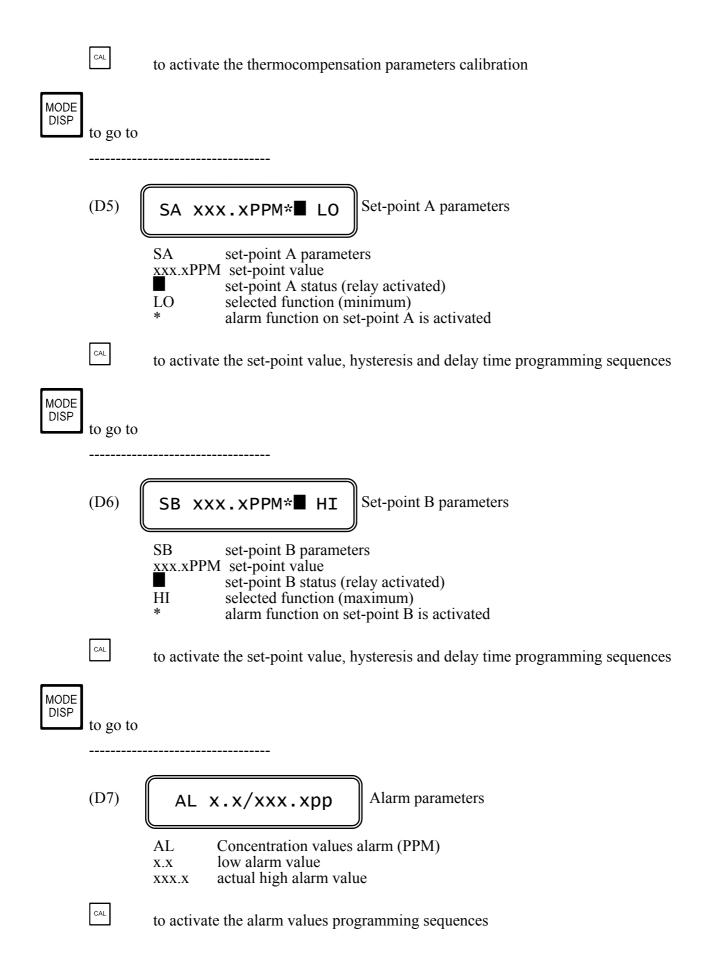


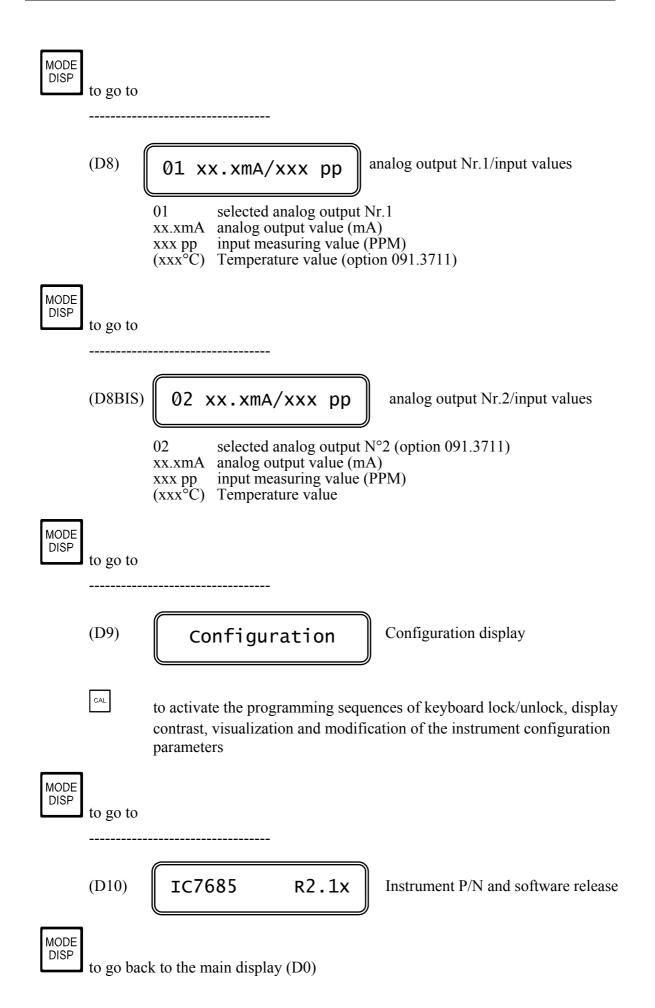
D9	Configur	ation	Configuration display
D10	IC7685	R2.1x	Instrument P/N and software release

(D0)	xxx.	xPPM□ ALM ■ BH	Concentration value, set-point status/functions
	xxx.xPP (>>>>) (flashing	PM Concentration va over range g values) alarm condition	lue
	(M flash	ning) manual operating	mode
	□ A (■ A) (■ A)	relay A deactivated relay A delayed relay A activated	
	□ B (■ B) (■ B)	relay B deactivated relay B delayed relay B activated	
	L H	minimum function (LO) maximum function (HI)	
CAL	to active	ate the procedure of the ma	anual/automatic mode selection

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3.3 CALIBRATION SEQUENCES

The following procedures will be active whenever the instrument is not in the keyboard lock condition.

To unlock the keyboard follow the procedures mentioned in the "Configuration" chapter.

The following procedures allow the sensor calibration, the set-point and alarm parameters programming.

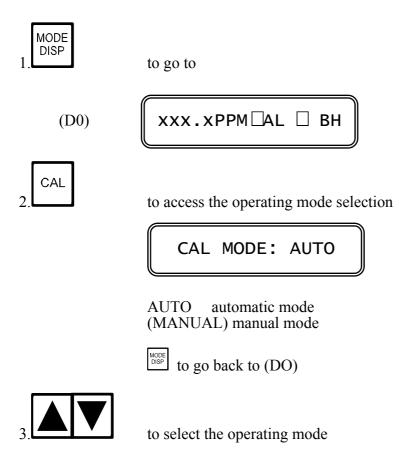
The sequence (1, 2,) helps the operator to following the regular calibration sequence.

IMPORTANT NOTE: during the calibration procedure the microprocessor turn the unit to the main display if no keys have been pressed within 5 minutes (30 minutes for ISE calibration sequences).

3.3.1 Manual/automatic mode

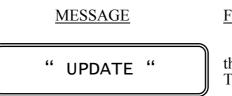
Normally the instrument works in automatic mode.

Follow this procedure to change operating mode Automatic/Manual.





to confirm the selected operating mode and to go back to (DO)



FUNCTION

the selection has been memorized The unit go back to (D0)

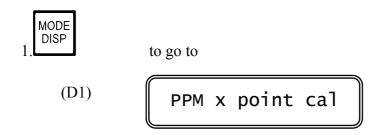
3.3.2 **Ion Selective Electrode Calibration**

This calibration is necessary when installing the new ISE electrode.

It is necessary to provide from 2 to 5 standard solutions.

The Concentration of the next solution must be no more of 100 times (2 decades).

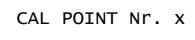
The electrode's output of the next solution must be $\Delta mV > 10 mV$.



Calibration point insertion:



to access the calibration sequences



Nr. x number of the calibration points (1/5)

MODE DISP to delete the calibration procedure (see "Calibration procedure deletion")



to end the calibration procedure (see "Calibration procedure ending")

3. CAL

to insert the Nr.x point

Immerse the electrode into the standard solution

CAL Px:±xxx.xmV

xxx.xmV signal supplied by the electrode

 $\frac{MODE}{DISP}$ to exit from the procedure



to confirm and to go to the decade selection



100.0 decade



to exit from the procedure

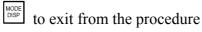


to select the decade



to access the calibration point value insertion

Px calibration point number xxx.x actual value of the calibration point Px





to insert the new calibration value



- to confirm the calibration value
- to go to the next point Px (from 2 to 5)
- if Px=5 the unit will check the validity of the calibration

Calibration procedure deletion



press this key during the visualization of the calibration point number

(CAL POINT Nr. x)

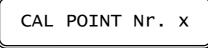
to abort the calibration procedure and to go back to the visualization of the calibration point number



to delete the calibration and to go back to (D1)

Calibration procedure ending

The calibration may be ended from the following display:





to start the ending of the procedure



to annul the ending procedure and to go back to the visualization of the calibration points number



to end the calibration and to go to the inserted point check

Calibration validity check

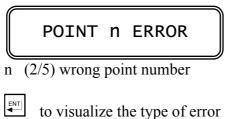
During the validity check, the instrument will show the following message:

1. If the inserted points are proper, the following message will be displayed:



to stop the message and to go to the display D1

2. If the inserted points have any error, the following message will be displayed:



Messages and type of errors during the calibration:



The response curve is inverse (check the ion type selection).



Slope is < 50% of the nominal value. (Nominal value for monovalent ions (X+ X-): 56 mV/decade) (Nominal value for bivalent ions (X++ X--): 28 mV/decade) Check if X++ (X--) has been selected instead of X+ (X-)



Slope is > 200% of the nominal value Check if X+ (X-) has been selected instead of X++ (X--)



The calibration point is 2 decades far from the previous one.

Choose a second standard solution with lower concentration. (<100 times)



The calibration point is < 10 mV far from the previous one. Choose a second standard solution with higher concentration. (>10 times)

ENT

to go back to the wrong point calibration

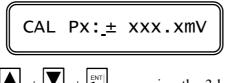
3.3.3 Electrodes drift adjustment

This is the regular calibration during the electrode's life. Be sure the 2/5 solutions calibration has been done at least one time before start this kind of calibration.

Prepare a standard solution with a Concentration value close to the process value. Operate in the same way as described in the chapter regarding the calibration of one point.

End the procedure just after the first point calibration.

The procedure start from the display:



 $+ \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{V} + \mathbf{V}$ pressing the 3 keys the unit will turn to the factory calibration (drift adjustment 0.0 mV)

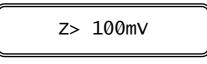
Messages during the zero calibration:

If the zero calibration is correct, the instrument will show the following message:



After 2 seconds the message will disappear and the unit will go back to (D1).

If the deviation value is > 100 mV, the following message will appear:



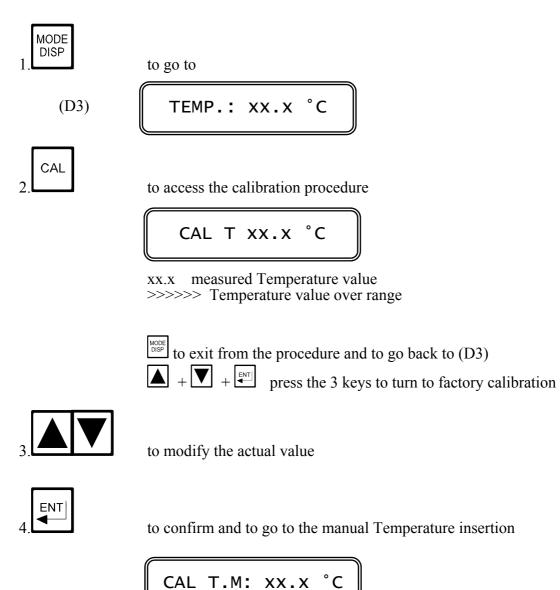
After 5 minutes the message will disappear and the unit will go back to (D1). The new Zero value is not memorized.

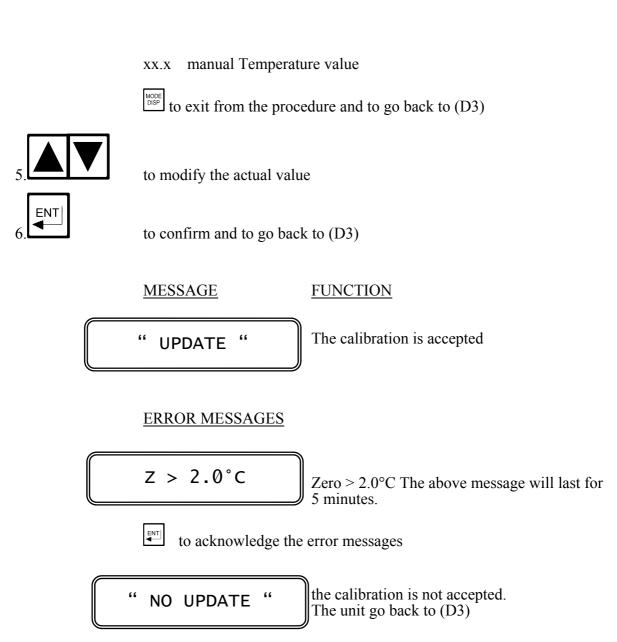
It is necessary to calibrate the unit with 2 standard solutions at least.

 \leftarrow to acknowledge the error message.

The message 'NO UPDATE' will appear for 2 seconds, then the unit goes back to (D1).

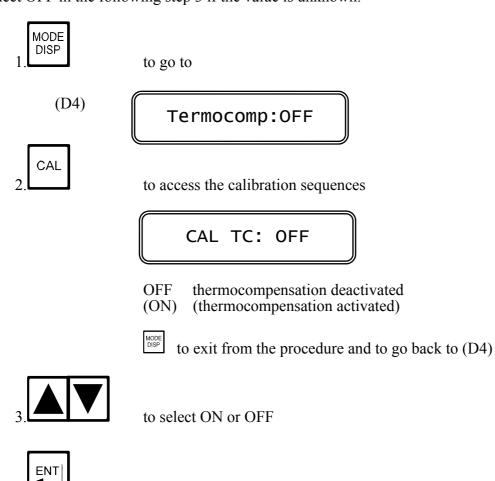
3.3.4 Temperature calibration





3.3.5 Thermocompensation parameters

The Automatic Temperature Compensation may be effected only when the isothermal value is known. Select OFF in the following step 3 if the value is unknown.



to confirm and to go to the thermocompensation coefficient selection

x.xxx Thermocompensation coefficient value



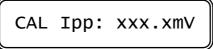
to exit from the procedure and to go back to (D4)



to modify the value



to confirm and to go to the isothermal point insertion



xxx.x electrode's isothermal value

to exit from the procedure and to go back to (D4)



to modify the inserted value

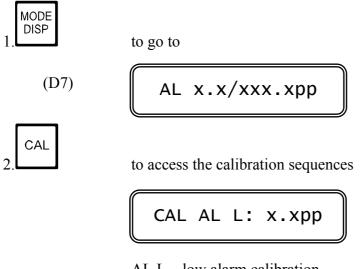


to confirm and to go back to (D4)

3.3.6 Alarm calibration

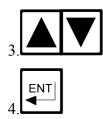
The following operations are possible:

- to select the min/max alarm value
- to select the delay time value



AL L low alarm calibration x.xpp actual low alarm value

to exit from the procedure and to go to (D7)



to insert the alarm value

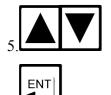
to confirm and to go to the high alarm insertion



high alarm calibration AL H xxx.xpp high alarm value



to exit from the procedure and to go to (D7)



to insert the alarm value

to confirm and to go to the delay time selection



delay alarm calibration AL D delay time value x.xs

to exit from the procedure and to go to (D7)



to insert the delay value



to confirm and to go back to (D7)

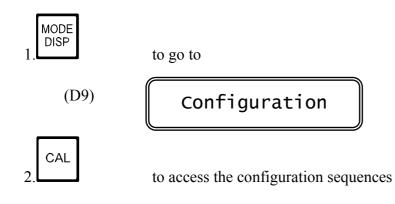
" " UPDATE

The new data have been memorized

3.4 CONFIGURATION

The following operations are possible:

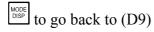
- keyboard locked/unlocked selection
- display contrast selection
- access number insertion

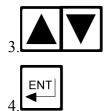


3.4.1 Keyboard locked/unlocked

KB UNLOCKED

UNLOCKED (LOCKED) Keyboard unlocked (locked)

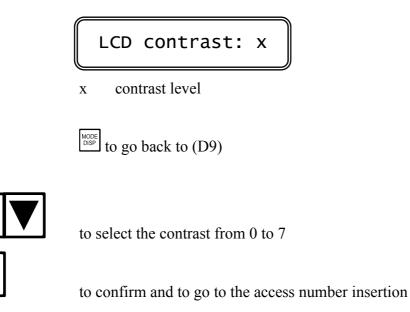




to select one of the two options (locked/unlocked)

to confirm and to go to the next step

LCD display contrast 3.4.2



3.4.3 Set-point A/B calibration

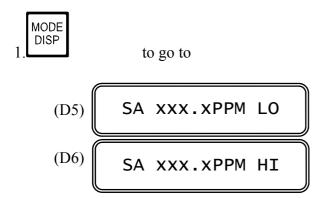
For each set-point it is possible:

-

ENT

2

- to insert the set-point to insert the hysteresis _
- to insert the delay time -



The following procedure are suitable for both set-point A and B.

Set-point value

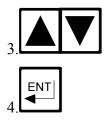


to access the calibration sequences

CAL SA S:xxx.xpp

set-point A calibration SA xxx.xpp set-point value

MODE DISP to exit from the procedure and to go back to (D5)/(D6)



to insert the set-point value

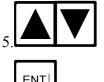
to confirm and to go to the next step

CAL SA I: x.xpp

x.xpp actual hysteresis value



 $\frac{MODE}{DISP}$ to exit from the procedure and to go to (D5)/(D6)



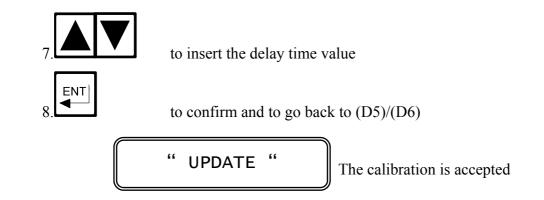
to insert the hysteresis value

to confirm and to go to the delay time insertion

actual delay time value X.XS

MODE DISP	
--------------	--

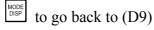
to exit from the procedure and to go to (D5)/(D6)



3.4.4 Access number



0 access number request





to insert the access number (when keeping the key pressed the number will scroll with 3 speed level)



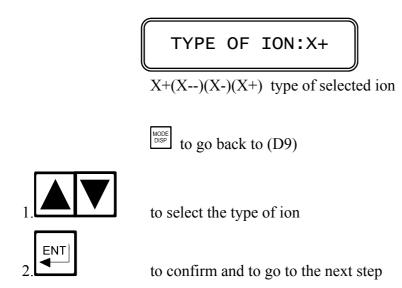
to confirm and to proceed with the configuration

<u>IMPORTANT NOTE</u>: any number different from the right access code, will allow the visualization of the parameters and not the modification. The following message will appear:

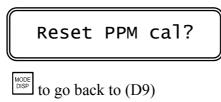
FUNCTION

Configuration changes are inhibited

3.4.5 Ion valence



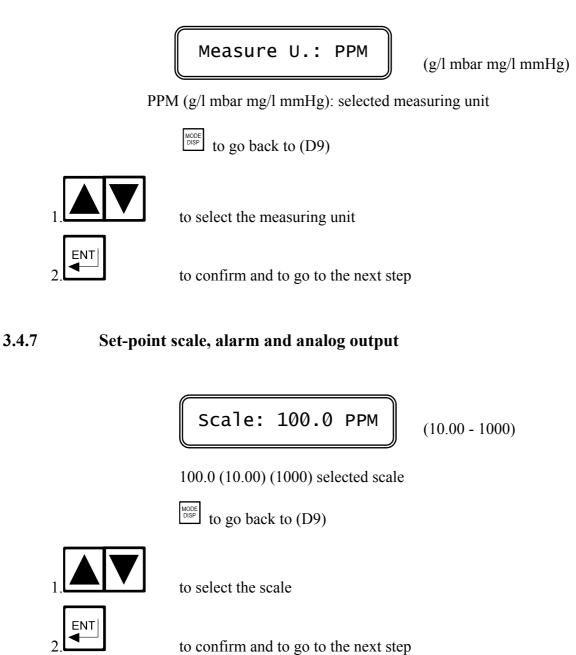
Before modifying the type of ion, the unit need the confirmation. The type of ion modification cancels the calibration points previously memorized and turn the unit to the factory calibration.





to confirm the type of ion and to reset the calibration point

3.4.6 Measuring unit



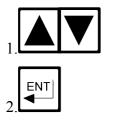
Note: set-point, alarm and analog output values will be shown in the scale as selected.

3.4.8 Software filter

Large s RT x.xs

Large s RT response time for large fluctuations x.xs software filter value (sec.)

to go back to (D9)



to select the time

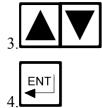
to confirm and to go to the next step



Small s RT response time for small fluctuations xx.xs response time value (in sec.)



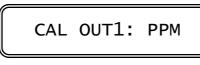
to go back to (D9)



to select the time

to confirm and to go to the next step

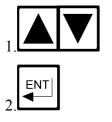
Scale of the analog output n°1 3.4.9



PPM (°C) input/analog output Nr.1



to go back to (D9)



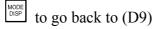
to select values in PPM (°C)

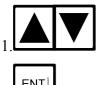
to confirm and to go to the next step

Analog output n°1 range 3.4.10

CAL OUT1: 0/20mA

0/20mA (4/20mA) range selected

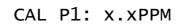




to select the output range

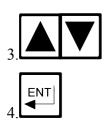


to confirm and to go to the next step



P1 begin of the output range measuring value related to 0/4 mA x.xPPM

to go back to (D9)



to choose the value x.x in PPM

to confirm and to go to the next step

P2 end of the output range xxx.xPPM measuring value related to 20 mA

 $\overset{\text{MODE}}{\text{DISP}} \text{ to go back to (D9)}$



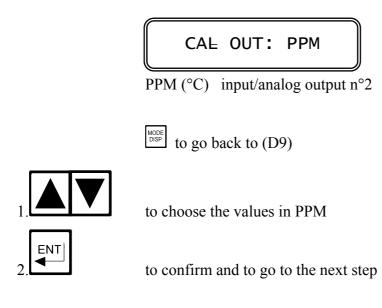
to choose the value xxx.x in PPM



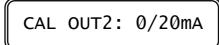
to confirm and to go to the next step

IMPORTANT NOTE: if the value related to P1 is higher than the value related to P2, the analog output will be the "reverse", otherwise will be the "direct" type.

3.4.11 Scale of the analog output n°2



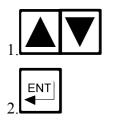
3.4.12 Analog output n°2 range



0/20mA (4/20mA) range selected



to go back to (D9)



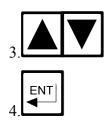
to select the output range

to confirm and to go to the next step

CAL P1: X.XPPM

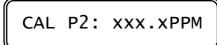
P1 begin of the output range x.xPPM measuring value related to 0/4 mA

to go back to (D9)

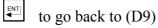


to choose the value x.x in PPM

to confirm and to go to the next step



P2 end of the output range xxx.xPPM measuring value related to 20 mA





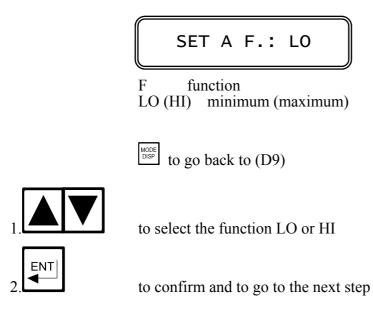
to choose the value xxx.x in PPM

6.

to confirm and to go to the next step

IMPORTANT NOTE: if the value related to P1 is higher than the value related to P2, the analog output will be the "reverse", otherwise will be the "direct" type.

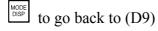
3.4.13 Set-point A function

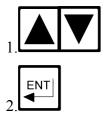


3.4.14 Set-point B function

|--|

F function LO (HI) minimum (maximum)





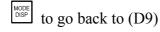
to select the function LO or HI

to confirm and to go to the next step

3.4.15 Set-point A alarm



ON (OFF) alarm inserted (not inserted)





to select ON or OFF



to confirm and to go to the next step

- by selecting OFF the alarm function is not activated.

The unit goes to the next parameter calibration.

- by selecting ON the alarm function is activated.

(when the relay B will be active longer than the time selected in the following procedure).



xx m activation time



to go back to (D9)



to choose the time value



to confirm and to go to the next step

3.4.16 Set-point B alarm



ON (OFF) alarm inserted (not inserted)



to go back to (D9)



ENT

2

to select ON or OFF

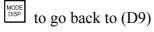
to confirm and to go to the next step

- by selecting OFF the alarm function is not activated. The unit goes to the next parameter calibration.

- by selecting ON the alarm function is activated. (when the relay B will be active longer than the time selected in the following procedure).

TIME SET B: XX M

xx m activation time





to choose the time value



to confirm and to go to the next step

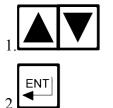
3.4.17 Alarm relay contact



ACT (DEA) relay activated (deactivated) when the alarm is active



to go back to (D9)



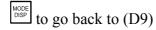
to select ACT or DEA

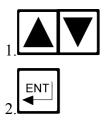
to confirm and to go to the next step

3.4.18 New access number

Change A Nr.: NO

NO (YES) access number changing not required (required)

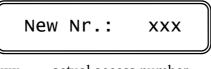




to select NO or YES

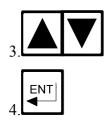
to confirm and to go to the next step

- by selecting NO the unit will go to the Configuration display
- by selecting YES the unit will go to the following display:



actual access number XXX

to go back to (D9) MODE DISP



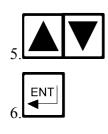
to insert the new access number

to confirm and to go to the next step

The instrument ask the operator to insert again the new access number.

actual access number XXX

to go back to (D9)



to insert the new access number

to confirm and to go back to the beginning of the Configuration

The double insertion of the new access number assures the memorization of the right code.

As soon as the new number is memorized the message "UPDATE" will appear.

Should the operator insert two different numbers, the instrument will not modify the access number and the message "NO UPDATE" will be shown.



press several time the key to verify the selected parameters before leaving the Configuration routine.



press to exit from the Configuration menu.

4 INSTALLATION

4.1 CONTROLLER INSTALLATION

The controller may be installed close to the points being monitored, or it may be located some distance away in a control area.

The enclosure is designed for panel-mounting.

It should be mounted on a rigid surface, in a position protected from the possibility of damage or excessive moisture of corrosive fumes.

4.2 SENSOR INSTALLATION

See the instruction manual of the sensor.

4.3 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

Connections within the controller are made on detachable terminal strips located on the rear side. (fig. 2)

Power and output-recorder connections are made at the 13 pin terminal strip, while input signal connections are made at the 12 pin terminal strip.

Connecting the power

- terminal $\underline{4}$ connect to the ground - terminals $\underline{1-2}$ connect to the ac power (if power is 110 V)
- terminals 1-3 connect to the ac power (if power is 220 V)

(If 091.404 option is installed, connect 24 Vac to 1-3 terminals)

WARNINGS

- power the device by means of an isolation transformer
- avoid mains-voltage from an auto-transformer
- avoid mains voltage from a branch point with heavy inductive loads
- separate power supply wires from signal ones
- control the mains voltage value
- an internal device protects the unit against power overloads. Disconnect the power and wait few minutes before powering again.

Connecting the Ion Selective Electrode (ISE)

- terminal <u>22</u> connect to the Ion Selective Electrode
 terminal <u>21</u> connect to the Reference electrode

(Normally in the combination ISE the Reference electrode is connected to the shield of the coax cable)

Avoid interruption on the cable if a high insulation terminal block is not available. Keep the cable away from power wires on the overall length.

Connecting the RTD

The Temperature readout and the automatic Temperature compensation is provided by connecting the Pt100.

If the Temperature sensor is not connected or damaged, the unit will operate in manual Temperature compensation automatically.

3-wire connection

- terminal <u>23</u> connect to the Pt100

- terminals $\overline{24}$ - 25 connect to the Pt100 common

2-wire connection

- terminals 23 - 24 connect to the Pt100

- terminals $\overline{24 - 25}$ install a jumper between terminals

Connecting a recorder

Connect to terminals 14-16 for the 1st channel output Connect to terminals 15-16 for the 2nd channel output (091.3711 option)

- terminal 14 connect to the terminal (+) of the recorder N°1
- connect to the terminal $\overline{(+)}$ of the recorder N°2 - terminal 15
- connect to the terminal $\overline{(-)}$ of the two recorder - terminal 16

Series connection is required for driving more loads having a total input Resistance lower than 600 ohm for each channel.

Connecting alarms, pumps, valves

The output connections referred to set-point SA and set-point SB are made at terminal strip and they consist of two independent SPDT relays corresponding to Regulator A and Regulator B.

The output connection referred to alarm consists of SPDT relay corresponding to Alarm C/D.

RELAY "A" SET-POINT "SA"

terminal	<u>6</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal	<u>5</u> marked <u>NO</u>	normal open contact
terminal	<u>7</u> marked <u>NC</u>	normal closed contact

RELAY "B" SET-POINT "SB"

terminal	<u>9</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal	<u>8</u> marked <u>NO</u>	normal open contact
terminal	<u>10 marked NC</u>	normal closed contact

RELAY "C/D" ALARM

terminal	<u>12</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal	11 marked NO	normal open contact
terminal	<u>13</u> marked <u>NC</u>	normal closed contact

Arc suppressor

Install a suitable snubber between relay terminals if the relay activation causes interferences on the display. (B&C Electronics snubber SX101)

5 OPERATING THE SYSTEM

Checking

Before connecting the system to the power supply:

- check that all cables are properly fastened to prevent strain on the connections
- check that all terminal-strip connections are mechanically and electrically sound
- check that power voltage is correct

Pre-operation check

The system's controls and indicators are all located on the front panel (see fig.1).

The meter has a LCD display 1 indicating that the unit is on.

The cards of the controllers are adjusted at the factory.

If sensors have been connected correctly, as described in the above sections, the system should function correctly needing only the start up and the parameters calibrations as described in the following section.

Quick start guide

The unit may be installed for the following purposes:

- measuring
- measuring and regulation
- measuring, regulation and recording

The instrument is shipped with factory calibration and configuration suitable for the most popular applications.

For this reason the operation may require just the following steps:

measuring

- 1. Connect the electrode to the meter.
- 2. Switching-on the meter will assume the factory calibration. The display will go to (D0) Display.
- The meter is configured for monovalent ions (ion type X+) and 100.0 PPM scale. Go to the Configuration menu in order to select other ion types.
 From (D0) press 9 times to start the Configuration sequence.
- 4. Carry out the first calibration (from 2 to 5 points).

measuring and regulation

Add the following to the preceding operations:

- 1. Press [AL] (to go to the manual operation. If the automatic mode is selected, go to the step 2
- 2. A and B relay are configured as LOW (Minimum). Select HIGH (Maximum) if necessary.
- Select the Set-point, the Hysteresis and the Delay of A and B relay. From (D0) press 5 times to start the Set-point A selection sequence.
 From (D0) press 6 times to start the Set-point B selection sequence.
- 4. The alarm on the activation time of A and B relay is deactivated. Activate this kind of alarm if necessary.
- Select alarm values of min/max and delay if necessary.
 From (D0) press 7 times to start the alarm selection sequence.

measuring, regulation and recording

Add the following to the preceding operations:

- 1. Analog output is configured as PPM at 0/20 mA corresponding to the input scale. Select 4/20 mA and a suitable input span if necessary.
- 2. If option 091.3711 is installed, follow the step 1. for the second output. This option allows to select the analog output as °C scale.

Manual operation

When the instrument is programmed for the manual operation (see Calibration sequences) the flashing "M" will appear on the display.

Analog outputs and alarm relay will remain activated.



while pressing the key, A relay will be activated.



while pressing the key, B relay will be activated.

Temperature compensation

Do not activate the Temperature compensation if the isothermal value and the thermocompensation Coefficient of the electrode are not known.

Following the Nernst's law the thermocompensation Coefficient is:

- 0.198 %/°C (monovalent ions)
- 0.099 %/°C (bivalent ions)

The above values should be confirmed by electrode's manufacturer.

The isopotential point change depending on the type of the measured ion. Check the value declared by electrode's manufacturer.

The manual compensation is in alternative to the automatic compensation. Do not install The RTD and select the Temperature value and the Temperature coefficient value (see Pt100 zero calibration).

6 CALIBRATION

Concentration measuring

This calibration is necessary when:

- the electrode is replaced or the ion type is changed (X--, X-, X+, X++);

- periodically, in order to maintain a good accuracy.

Prepare from 2 up to 5 standard solutions. We suggest standard solutions corresponding to the decades (0.10/1.00/10.00/100.0/1000).

From (D0) press $\stackrel{\text{MODE}}{\text{DISP}}$ to start the calibration procedures. (see 3.1)

During the calibration the unit measures the mV signal from the electrode, while the operator insert the corresponding concentration value in PPM.

The instrument effects the validity check of the calibration points. If a calibration point is not valid, an error message will appear together with the number of the point.

The operator may repeat the calibration of this point.

The unit consider not valid the following calibration points:

- if between 2 points there are less than 10 mV

- if between 2 points there are more than 2 decades

- if slope is less than 50% or more than 200% of the regular slope

- if the slope is negative instead of positive (or vice versa).

The point corresponding to zero concentration is deleted.

During the calibration, control relays and alarm relay are deactivated.

Electrode's drift adjustment

This is the regular calibration to be effected during the electrode's life, by using a standard solution having a concentration value close to the process value.

By inserting just one calibration point, the unit will effect the electrode's drift adjustment. (see 3.1.3)

Temperature calibration

From (D0) press $\begin{bmatrix} MODE \\ DISP \end{bmatrix}$ to start the Temperature calibration sequence.

Immerse the Temperature sensor in a liquid at known Temperature and check the correspondent value on the display.

Follow the first 4 steps of the procedure in the Chapter 3.1.4. to adjust the Temperature value

7 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Controller

Quality components are used to give the controller a high reliability.

The frequency of such maintenance depends on the nature of each particular application.

As in any electronic equipment, the mechanical components, such as switches, relays and connectors, are the most subject to damage.

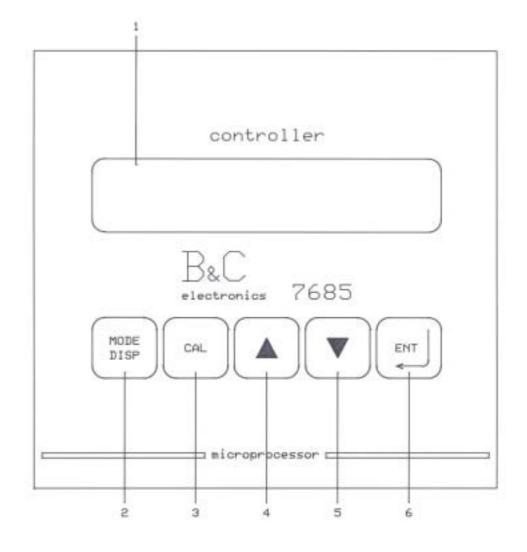
Sensor

The state of the electrode's surface is critical for the normal operation of the system.

For the ISE maintenance see the manufacturer instruction manual.

Protect the sensor from humidity, excessive moisture or corrosive fumes.

DIGITAL CONTROLLER



- 1. DISPLAY
- 2. MODE-DISPLAY KEY
- 3. CALIBRATION KEY
- 4. INCREASE KEY
- 5. DECREASE KEY
- 6. ENTER KEY

FIG. 1



14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 14 + + - V- V+ L1 H1 L1 L2 L3 L3 R1 R2 R0 - - - L3 L3 ANL OUT. PE100 V
<u>Λ</u> (Ε 3 VA MAX
50/60 Hz A B C P 0 110220 NO C NC NO C NC NO C NC 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

1.2.	110 V. Power supply
1.3.	220 V. Power supply
4.	Ground (power)
5. 6.	A Relay N.O. contacts
6. 7.	A Relay N.C. contacts
8. 9.	B Relay N.O. contacts
9.10.	B Relay N.C. contacts
11.12.	C Relay N.O. contacts (alarm)
12.13.	C Relay N.C. contacts (alarm)
14.	Recorder output 1 (+)
15.	Recorder output 2 (+) (option)
16.	Recorder output 1 and 2 (-)
21.	Reference Electrode input
22.	Ion Selective Electrode input
23.24.25.	Temperature sensor input

<u>FIG. 2</u>

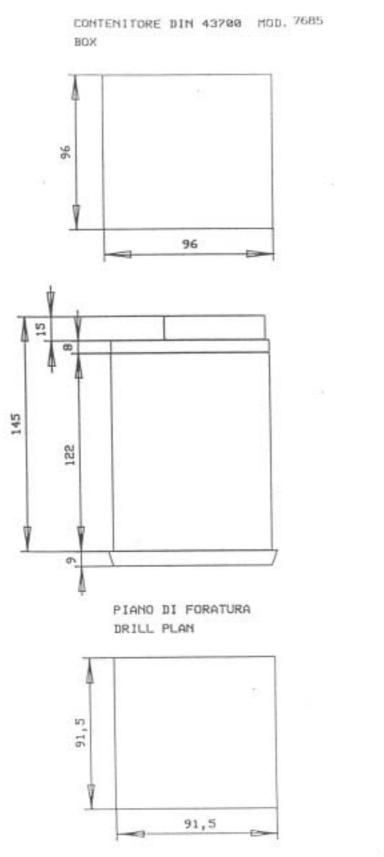


FIG. 3

1